SENATE/HOUSE FILE \_\_\_\_\_

BY (PROPOSED ATTORNEY GENERAL BILL)

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to registration and bonding requirements for
- 2 contractors, and providing criminal and civil penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 91C.2, subsection 3, Code 2019, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3. An In addition to any bond required by section 91C.6B,
- 4 an out-of-state contractor shall either file a surety bond,
- 5 as provided in section 91C.7, with the division of labor
- 6 services in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars or
- 7 shall provide a statement to the division of labor services
- 8 that the contractor is prequalified to bid on projects for the
- 9 department of transportation pursuant to section 314.1.
- 10 Sec. 2. Section 91C.6, Code 2019, is amended to read as
- 11 follows:
- 12 91C.6 Rules.
- 13 The labor commissioner shall adopt rules, pursuant to
- 14 chapter 17A, determined to be reasonably necessary for phasing
- 15 in, administering, and enforcing the system of contractor
- 16 registration and bonding established by this chapter.
- 17 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 91C.6A State contracts with
- 18 unregistered contractors prohibited.
- 19 A contractor who is not registered with the labor
- 20 commissioner as required by this chapter shall not be awarded
- 21 a contract to perform work for the state or an agency of the
- 22 state.
- 23 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 91C.6B Home improvement contractor
- 24 performance bond penalty.
- 25 l. For purposes of this section:
- 26 a. "Division" means the division of labor services of the
- 27 department of workforce development.
- 28 b. "Home improvement contract" means any contract for the
- 29 improvement or repair of existing residential property and the
- 30 appurtenances of such property, including but not limited to
- 31 landscaping, garages, storage sheds, sidewalks, driveways, and
- 32 retaining walls, but does not include contracts for less than
- 33 two hundred dollars in the aggregate.
- 2. Any contractor, prior to entering into a home improvement
- 35 contract in Iowa, shall file with the division a surety bond.

1 The bond shall be in the amount of seventy-five thousand

- 2 dollars and shall be for the benefit of any person who, in
- 3 connection with a home improvement contract with a contractor,
- 4 is damaged by the contractor's breach of the home improvement
- 5 contract or by the contractor's violation of section 714.16,
- 6 regardless of whether the person has a direct cause of action
- 7 pursuant to section 714.16. Any person so damaged may bring
- 8 suit directly on the bond without assignment, and may recover
- 9 from bond proceeds actual damages, court costs, and reasonable
- 10 attorney fees.
- 11 3. A person filing suit pursuant to this section shall
- 12 notify the division at the time the suit is filed, and the
- 13 division shall maintain a record, available for public
- 14 inspection and copying, of all suits commenced. Notification
- 15 is not a precondition to the filing of a suit, and failure to
- 16 notify the division shall in no way affect the validity of a
- 17 lawsuit. However, notification pursuant to this section must
- 18 be completed prior to payout of any bond proceeds pursuant to
- 19 this section.
- 20 4. The attorney general may make a direct claim on a
- 21 bond or bring an action in equity on behalf of the state
- 22 to recover bond proceeds for persons who incur damage due
- 23 to a contractor's breach of a home improvement contract or
- 24 violation of section 714.16 in connection with a person's home
- 25 improvement contract with a contractor.
- 26 5. Priority for payment of the proceeds of a bond filed
- 27 pursuant to this section shall be based upon the time of filing
- 28 a notice of suit with the division, except that any claim or
- 29 action by the attorney general to recover bond proceeds shall
- 30 take precedence over all other claims on the bond, regardless
- 31 of the time of filing.
- 32 6. The issuer of a surety bond filed pursuant to this
- 33 section shall notify the labor commissioner upon the
- 34 cancellation of such bond. If a surety bond filed pursuant to
- 35 this section is canceled or otherwise ceases to be in effect,

1 the contractor's registration pursuant to this chapter shall be

- 2 void. The failure of a contractor to have a valid surety bond
- 3 on file with the division as of the date of a home improvement
- 4 contract shall make the contract and any note, instrument, or
- 5 other evidence of indebtedness executed or entered into in
- 6 connection with the contract voidable, and shall constitute a
- 7 complete defense in any action based on the contract, note,
- 8 instrument, or other evidence of indebtedness brought by the
- 9 contractor or the contractor's successors or assigns.
- 10 7. a. A contractor who violates any provision of this
- 11 section is quilty of a simple misdemeanor.
- 12 b. A violation of this section is an unlawful practice
- 13 pursuant to section 714.16.
- 14 Sec. 5. Section 91C.7, subsection 1, Code 2019, is amended
- 15 by striking the subsection.
- 16 EXPLANATION
- 17 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with 18 the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 19 This bill relates to contractor registration and bonding
- 20 requirements.
- 21 The bill requires in new Code section 91C.6B that a
- 22 contractor, prior to entering into a home improvement contract
- 23 in Iowa, obtain a surety bond of \$75,000. The new bond is in
- 24 addition to any other bond requirements in Code chapter 91C.
- 25 The bond benefits a person who is damaged by the contractor's
- 26 breach of contract or by the contractor's breach of Code
- 27 section 714.16, the consumer fraud statute, regardless of
- 28 whether the person has a direct cause of action under that Code
- 29 section. Any person damaged in either way may sue directly
- 30 on the bond and may recover actual damages, court costs, and
- 31 reasonable attorney fees. The bill defines "home improvement
- 32 contract" to mean any contract for the improvement or repair
- 33 of existing residential property and the appurtenances of such
- 34 property, as specified in the bill, but not including contracts
- 35 of less than \$200 in total.

gh/rn

```
S.F. H.F.
```

- 1 The bill provides that when a suit is filed, the person who
- 2 sues on the bond shall notify the division of labor services of
- 3 the department of workforce development, which shall maintain
- 4 a public record of all suits commenced. Notification is not
- 5 a precondition to filing a suit and failure to notify the
- 6 division does not in any way invalidate a lawsuit. However,
- 7 bond proceeds cannot be paid out to anyone who has not filed
- 8 notification.
- 9 The bill provides that the attorney general may also make
- 10 a direct claim on a bond or bring an action in equity against
- 11 the bond on behalf of the state to recover bond proceeds for
- 12 persons damaged due to a contractor's breach of contract or
- 13 violation of the consumer fraud statute in connection with a
- 14 home improvement contract. The attorney general's action shall
- 15 take precedence over all other claims on the bond regardless
- 16 of the time of filing.
- 17 The bill requires the issuer of a bond to notify the labor
- 18 commissioner upon the cancellation of the bond. If a bond is
- 19 canceled or otherwise ceases to be in effect, the contractor's
- 20 registration pursuant to Code chapter 91C shall be void. The
- 21 failure of a contractor to have a valid bond on file as of the
- 22 date of a home improvement contract makes the contract and any
- 23 note or instrument of indebtedness executed or entered into
- 24 in connection with the contract to the contractor voidable,
- 25 and shall be a complete defense in any action based on the
- 26 contract or evidence of indebtedness by the contractor of the
- 27 contractor's successors or assigns.
- 28 The bill provides that a contractor who violates any
- 29 provision of new Code section 91C.6B is guilty of a simple
- 30 misdemeanor. A simple misdemeanor is punishable by confinement
- 31 for no more than 30 days or a fine of at least \$65 but
- 32 not more than \$625 or by both. The bill further provides
- 33 that a violation of new Code section 91C.6B is an unlawful
- 34 practice pursuant to Code section 714.16, which allows the
- 35 attorney general to investigate, issue subpoenas, and commence

- 1 civil proceedings seeking restraining orders or injunctions
- 2 prohibiting persons from engaging in unlawful practices
- 3 or seeking termination of the business affairs of a person
- 4 engaging in unlawful practices. A court may also impose a
- 5 civil penalty of up to \$40,000 per violation against a person
- 6 found to have committed an unlawful practice.

-5-